THE [Numb. 655.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *November* 24, 1757.

A NEW ACT for the better ordering of the MILITIA FORCES in the ſeveral Counties of that Part of GREAT-BRITAIN called ENGLAND, having lately paſſed in Parliament, the Nature of which the Generality of the People in this Country being but little acquainted with, the following Abridgment thereof, is, for their Information, taken

From the GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE, *for* July, 1757.

WHEREAS a well-ordered and well-diſciplined MILITIA is eſſentially neceſſary to the Safety, Peace, and Proſperity of this Kingdom: *BE IT ENACTED*, That from the Firſt Day of *May*, 1757, the Lieutenants of Counties ſhall arm and array proper Perſons; and the Lieutenants ſhall appoint their Deputy-Lieutenants, and give Commiſſions to Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, and other Officers, whoſe Names ſhall, within a Month, be certified to the King.

The Lieutenant of every County ſhall have the Chief Command of the Militia of that County.

In each County ſhall be appointed Twenty or more Deputy-Lieutenants, if ſo many can be found qualified, each of whom ſhall poſſeſs Four Hundred Pounds a Year, in Freehold, Copyhold, Cuſtomary Eſtate for Life, or an Eſtate for ſome long Term of Years, determinable upon Lives, or ſhall be Heir-Apparent of a Poſſeſſion of Eight Hundred a Year. A Lieutenant-Colonel or Major, ſhall be poſſeſſed of Three Hundred a Year, or Heir-Apparent to Six Hundred. A Captain ſhall poſſeſs Two Hundred a Year, or be Heir to Four, or be the Son of One who poſſeſſes or at his Death did poſſeſs Two Hundred a Year. A Lieutenant ſhall poſſeſs One Hundred a Year, or be the Son of One who poſſeſſes or at his Death did poſſeſs Two Hundred. An Enſign ſhall poſſeſs Fifty Pounds, or be the Son of One who poſſeſſes or at the Time of his Death did poſſeſs One Hundred. One Moiety of the Eſtate in all theſe Caſes, lying within the County.

In Counties where Twenty Deputy-Lieutenants, with proper Qualifications, cannot be found, it ſhall be ſufficient to appoint ſo many as can be found.

A Right to the immediate Reverſion of an Eſtate leaſed out for Lives on a reſerved Rent, producing to the Leſſee the clear yearly Rent of Three Hundred Pounds, ſhall be conſidered as equivalent to an Eſtate of One Hundred Pounds a Year, and ſo in Proportion.

An Enſign or Lieutenant may be promoted to be a Captain; and a Captain or Major may be promoted to be a Lieutenant-Colonel, on extraordinary Occaſions, on Account of Merit.

The King may diſplace any Deputy-Lieutenant or Officer, and the Lieutenants ſhall appoint others in their Stead.

Every Deputy or Officer ſhall give in his Qualification to the Clerk of the Peace, and take the Oaths to the Government, within Six Months after he ſhall begin to act, on Penalty of Two Hundred Pounds on Deputy-Lieutenants, and all above the Degree of Captain; and One Hundred Pounds on Captains and thoſe under.

Peers are exempted from ſerving by themſelves or Subſtitutes; but they and Heirs-Apparent of Peers, may be appointed Deputy-Lieutenants, or Commiſſion Officers, and their Qualifications need not to be left with the Clerk of the Peace; but on taking the Oaths, *&c.* they may act without being otherwiſe qualified.

A Commiſſion in the Militia ſhall not vacate a Seat in Parliament.

At the End of every Four Years a Number of Officers ſhall be diſcharged, equal to the Number of thoſe, who, duly qualified, ſhall ſollicit for Admiſſion.

To each Regiment an Adjutant ſhall be appointed, who has ſerved in the Regular Forces, in which he ſhall ſtill retain his Rank; and to every Company of the Militia ſhall be appointed Two or more Serjeants (in the Proportion of One Serjeant to Twenty private Men) out of the Regular Forces, who ſhall be entitled to the Hoſpital of *Cheſſea*. And Serjeants appointed from that Hoſpital ſhall be re-admitted on producing Certificates of good Behaviour.

No Perſons ſelling Liquors by Retail, ſhall be capable of being a Serjeant of the Militia.

The Number of private Men ſerving in the Militia ſhall be; for

Bedfordſhire	400	York N. Riding	720
Berkſhire	560	——Eaſt Riding and Hull	400
Bucks	560	Angleſea	80
Cambridgeſhire	480	Brecknock	160
Cheſter & Cheſter C.	560	Cardigan	120
Cornwall	640	Caermarthen Co. and Town	200
Cumberland	320	Carnarvon	80
Derbyſhire	560	Denbigh	280
Devon & Exon C.	1600	Rutlandſhire	120
Monmouthſhire	240	Salop	640
Norfolk & Norwich	960	Somerſetſhire	840
Northamptonſhire	640	Southampton Co. and Town	960
Northumberland, New-Caſtle on Tyne, and Berwick,	560	Staffordſhire and Litchfield	560
Nottingham County & Town	480	Suffolk	960
Oxfordſhire	560	Surry	800
Dorſetſhire & Poole	640	Suſſex	800
Durham	400	Warwick County and Coventry	640
Eſſex	960	Weſtmoreland	240
Glouceſterſhire, Glouc. City, & Briſtol	960	Worceſter Co. & C.	560
Hereford	480	Wilts	800
Hertford	560	York C. & Weſt Riding	1240
Huntingdon	320	Flintſhire	120
Kent & Canter. C.	960	Glamorganſhire	360
Lancaſhire	800	Merionethſhire	80
Leiceſterſhire	560	Montgomery	240
Lincoln Co. & City	1200	Pembrokeſhire & Haverford-W.	160
Tower Hamlets	1160	Radnorſhire	120
Middleſex, reſt of	1660		

There ſhall be no more than One Captain, One Lieutenant, and One Enſign, to Eighty private Men.

Where the Proportion of Men directed by this Act to be raiſed in any County ſhall be judged by the Lieutenant to be too large, the Privy-Council, on Application, may regulate it.

The Lieutenant of each County, with Two Deputy-Lieutenants, or Three more Deputy-Lieutenants in the Abſence of the Lieutenant, ſhall meet on the 12th of *July*, 1757, and on the firſt Tueſday in *June*, in every ſubſequent Year, and require the Head Conſtables to deliver in a Liſt of all the Men between the Age of 18 and 50, in their ſeveral Diſtricts, except Peers, Officers of the Militia, Officers of the Regular Forces or Garriſons, Members of either Univerſity, Clergymen, Teachers of ſeparate Meetings, Peace and Pariſh Officers, articled Clerks, and Apprentices, and Seamen, noting in the Liſt the Men labouring under any bodily Infirmity.

Every Deputy Conſtable, or other petty Officer, ſhall tranſmit to the Head Conſtable the Liſt of his Diviſion, having firſt affixed it to the Door of the Church or Chapel for One Sunday.

On the Day appointed for receiving theſe Liſts, the Lieutenants and Deputy-Lieutenants ſhall ſettle the Number to be taken from each Hundred, or Diviſion of the County. They ſhall then ſubdivide themſelves, and Three or more Deputies, or Two Deputies, with One Juſtice of the Peace, or One Deputy, with Two Juſtices, ſhall meet, within a Month in every Subdiviſion, to hear the Complaint of thoſe that think themſelves entitled to Exemption; and upon any juſt Cauſe ſhall correct the Liſts. They ſhall then ſettle the Number to be raiſed in each Pariſh, and chuſe the Individuals by Lot; and within Three Weeks afterwards the Perſon ſo choſen ſhall appear before them; each of whom ſhall take the Oaths, and enter into the Militia for Three Years, or bring One to ſerve as his Subſtitute, or forfeit 10 *l.* and be liable at the End of Three Years to ſerve again.

Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and a Juſtice, or One Deputy and Two Juſtices, ſhall meet in their ſeveral Subdiviſions occaſionally at other Times, and annually on the Tueſday before *Michaelmas*; and if any Perſon 35 Years old ſhall ſhew juſt Cauſe for his Diſcharge, it ſhall be granted, and another choſen by Lot in his Room; and the Vacation by Death ſhall be filled up in the ſame Manner.

A Militia Man removing to another Pariſh, ſhall ſerve the Remainder of his Time in the new Pariſh.

New Liſts of Men qualified for Service ſhall be made every Year.

A new Body ſhall be choſen every Third Year, ſo that all Perſons duly qualified may ſerve in their Turns each for Three Years.

A Liſt of the Perſons ſerving in each Pariſh ſhall be tranſmitted to the Lieutenant.

An Officer neglecting to return his Liſt, or making a falſe or partial Liſt, ſhall be committed for a Month to the common Goal, or be fined not more than Five Pounds, or leſs than Forty Shillings.

Every private Man ſerving for himſelf ſhall be exempted from Statute Work, from ſerving Peace or Pariſh Offices, or in the Regular Forces.

He that has ſerved Three Years, ſhall not ſerve again, until by Rotation it comes to his Turn.

Married Men having perſonally ſerved in the Militia, if called out in Caſe of Invaſion or Rebellion, ſhall be entitled to the ſame Privileges of ſetting up Trades in any Place of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, as by an Act 22 *George* II. is granted to Mariners or Soldiers.

A Quaker refuſing to ſerve, ſhall hire another in his Stead; and if he neglects, a Sum ſhall be levied upon him by Diſtreſs, ſufficient to hire another Man.

Within One Month after the Return of the Liſts, the Lieutenant and Two Deputies, or without the Lieutenant, Three Deputies, ſhall form the Militia of each County into Regiments, conſiſting of not more than 12, of leſs than 7 Companies of 40 Men each; appointing the Commiſſioned and Non-Commiſſioned Officers to each Company.

They ſhall be Exerciſed thus: On the Firſt Monday in the Months of *March*, *April*, *May*, *June*, *July*, *Auguſt*, *September*, and *October*, they ſhall be Exerciſed in Half Companies; and on the Third Monday in the ſaid Months in Companies.

And once every Year, on the Tueſday, Wedneſday, Thurſday, and Friday, of Whitſun-week, they ſhall be Exerciſed in whole Regiments.

No Man ſhall be Exerciſed in Half Company or Company more than Six Miles from his own Houſe.

Notice of the Time and Place of Meeting ſhall be ſent by the Lieutenant and Two Deputies, or without the Lieutenant, by Three Deputies, to the High Conſtables, and by them to the Petty Conſtables, who ſhall fix them upon the Door of the reſpective Churches.

The Lieutenant ſhall appoint at Pleaſure a Regimental Clerk, a Serjeant-Major out of the Serjeants, and a Drum-Major out of the Drummers.

If it ſhould be thought inconvenient on Account of Fairs or Markets to Exerciſe the Militia on the Day ſet by this Act, Order may be made by Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and One Juſtice, or One Deputy and Three Juſtices, for Exerciſing them on any other Day, Sunday excepted.

In Counties where the Militia do not amount to Seven Companies, and therefore cannot make a Regiment,

Regiment, they ſhall be formed into a Battalion, under the Lieutenant and One Field-Officer, One Adjutant who ſhall be a Subaltern in the Army, a Serjeant-Major, a Drum-Major, and a Clerk, ſhall be appointed them, and they ſhall be Exerciſed as a complete Regiment.

Where a whole Company or Half a Company cannot be brought together, they may be Exerciſed in ſmaller Numbers, as the Lieutenant or Deputy ſhall direct.

One Commiſſioned Officer ſhall attend the Exerciſe of the Half Company, and inſpect their Arms and Accoutrements.

The Arms and Cloaths of the Militia ſhall be carefully kept by the Captain of each Company in Cheſts, provided by the Pariſh where they are depoſited. The Muſkets ſhall be marked with an M and the Name of the County.

The King's Lieutenants, or the Colonels, may ſeize, or remove whither they ſhall think proper, the Arms, Cloaths and Accoutrements, when neceſſary to the Public Peace.

Any Perſon intruſted with the Cuſtody of any Arms or Cloaths, delivering them out, unleſs for Exerciſe, or by Command of his Superior Officer, or by the Order of any Juſtice of the Peace, under his Hand and Seal, may, by Two Juſtices, be committed to the County Goal for Six Months.

No Pay, Arms or Cloathing, ſhall be iſſued, nor any Adjutant or Serjeant be appointed, till Four Fifths of the Men ſhall have been choſen, and the Officers have taken out their Commiſſions.

The Officer who ſuperintends the Exerciſe ſhall call over the Liſt, and certify to a Juſtice the Names of thoſe who are abſent from Exerciſe. The Juſtice ſhall examine the Excuſe offered, and if it be inſufficient, ſhall puniſh the Defaulter for the firſt Offence, by fining him 2 *s.* or ſetting him in the Stocks for an Hour; for the Second he ſhall fine him 4 *s.* or ſend him to the Houſe of Correction for Four Days; for every Offence afterwards, he ſhall fine him 6 *s.* and if it be not paid, ſend him to the Houſe of Correction for any Time not exceeding One Month.

If any Man ſhall be convicted upon Oath before a Juſtice, of being Drunk at the Time of Exerciſe, he ſhall forfeit 10 *s.* or ſit an Hour in the Stocks.

He that ſhall be convicted on Oath before a Juſtice of Inſolence or Diſobedience to his Officer, ſhall for his firſt Offence be fined 2/6, and in Default of Payment be ſent to the Houſe of Correction for Four Days; for the Second be fined 5 *s.* or committed for 7 Days; and for every Offence afterwards be fined 40 *s.* and committed to the Houſe of Correction for any Time not more than a Month, nor leſs than 14 Days.

If any Man ſhall ſell, pawn, or loſe his Arms or Accoutrements, he ſhall be fined a Sum not exceeding Three Pounds, or in Default of Payment, be committed to the Houſe of Correction for One Month; and if he cannot then raiſe the Sum required, for Three Months.

He that ſhall neglect to return his Arms in good Order after Exerciſe, the ſame or the next Day, ſhall be fined 2/6, or be ſent to the Houſe of Correction for 7 Days: If he neglect to return them by Monday after Whitſun-week, he ſhall forfeit 5 *s.* or be ſent to the Houſe of Correction for 14 Days. And the Perſon intruſted by the Captain with the Care of the Arms and Cloaths, who ſhall omit to complain of ſuch Neglect, ſhall forfeit 20 *s.*

The Soldier or Non-commiſſioned Officer, that ſhall be abſent from his annual Exerciſe, ſhall forfeit 10 *s.* a Day, or be committed to the Houſe of Correction for a Month.

If any Non-commiſſioned Officer, ſhall be convicted upon Oath of being negligent in his Duty, or diſobedient or inſolent to the Adjutant, or other Superior Officers, he ſhall be fined by a Juſtice a Sum not exceeding 30 *s.* or in Default of Payment be committed to the Houſe of Correction for 14 Days, and may be diſcharged by the Lieutenant.

Whoever ſhall unlawfully buy or receive any Arms or Accoutrements, belonging to the Militia, ſhall incur the Penalty of 5 *l.* and in Default of Payment be impriſoned for Three Months, or publicly whipped, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice.

No Man ſhall be cenſured for Abſence occaſioned by attending an Election.

The Militia are to be ſubject in Military Affairs to their own Officers, and in Civil to the Civil Magiſtrates.

All Pariſh Officers are required to aſſiſt the Lieutenants and Juſtices.

In Caſe of actual Invaſion, or upon imminent Danger thereof, and in Caſe of Rebellion, the King firſt notifying the Occaſion to Parliament, if then ſitting, or in their Receſs to the Privy Council, and the People by Proclamation, may direct the Lieutenants, or any Three Deputy-Lieutenants, to draw out their Regiments, who ſhall march by his Majeſty's Order to any Part of the Kingdom, under the Command of ſuch Generals as he ſhall appoint, receiving, during the Service, the ſame Pay with the Regular Regiments of Foot, and the Officers holding the ſame Rank with the Regular Officers of the ſame Denomination. The Militia, during the Time of Service, ſhall be liable to the Law Martial then ſubſiſting; and any Man wounded ſhall be entitled to the Hoſpital of *Chelſea*. A Militia Man not appearing, or refuſing to march on ſuch Occaſion, ſhall forfeit 40 *l.* or be committed to the County Goal for 12 Months.

In Caſe of actual Invaſion, or upon imminent Danger thereof, and in Caſe of Rebellion, if the Parliament be not ſitting, nor it's Adjournment or Prorogation to expire in 14 Days, the King may ſummon it to meet on any Day, upon giving 14 Days Notice; and they ſhall meet accordingly for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

The Militia and Regular Troops ſhall be tried in Courts-Martial, each by their own Officers.

The Militia during their annual Exerciſe ſhall be billetted as Regular Troops.

In Caſe of Invaſion or Rebellion, Juſtices, upon Order from the King, or any Chief Commiſſion Officer of the Militia, ſhall iſſue Warrants to the Chief Conſtables of Hundreds, to provide Carriages for the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Powder, *&c.* which Carriages ſhall be paid in ready Money by the Officer demanding them, after the following Rates: A Waggon with Five Horſes, or a Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horſes, 1 *s.* each Mile; a Cart with Four Horſes, 9 *d.* a Mile; and ſo in Proportion. Perſons having ſuch Carriages are required to furniſh them for One Day's Journey only. Any Chief Conſtable neglecting his Duty in the Premiſſes, ſhall forfeit a Sum not exceeding 40 *s.* nor leſs than 20 *s.* to be levied by Diſtreſs.

The Militia ſhall not, on any Occaſion, be compelled to go out of this Kingdom.

In all Cities or Towns which are Counties within themſelves, and have been accuſtomed to raiſe their own Militia, the Lieutenant or Chief Magiſtrate ſhall appoint Five Deputy-Lieutenants, who ſhall exerciſe the ſame Power as the other Deputies. Of theſe ſmaller Counties, the Deputies, Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, and Majors, ſhall poſſeſs Lands to the Value of 300 *l.* a Year, or a Perſonal Eſtate of 5000 *l.* Captains 150 *l.* or Two Thouſand Five Hundred Pounds Perſonal Eſtate; Lieutenants and Enſigns, 50 *l.* a Year, or 750 *l.* Perſonal Eſtate. One Half of the Real Eſtates of the Officers of County Towns muſt be in ſuch City or Town, or within the County at large, to which ſuch City or Town is united, for the Purpoſes of this Act. The Penalty for acting, if not qualified, is, for a Deputy-Lieutenant or Field-Officer, 100 *l.* and for all under 50 *l.*

All Fines and Forfeitures ſhall be paid to the Regimental Clerk, and made a common Stock in each Subdiviſion; of which an Account ſhall be given to Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and One Juſtice, or One Deputy and Two Juſtices, who ſhall apply it to the Erection of Buts, and the Proviſion of Gunpowder, to be uſed in ſhooting at Marks; and the Remainder ſhall be diſtributed in Prizes to the beſt Markſmen, or employed in any other Way for the Uſe of the Militia.

Perſons committed to the Houſe of Correction upon this Act, ſhall be kept to hard Labour.

Proof of Qualification, in all Suits, ſhall lie on the Defendant.

No Order made by Virtue of this Act, by a Lieutenant, Deputy, or Juſtice, ſhall be removed by *Certiorari*; nor Execution be ſuperſeded thereby.

Where a Pariſh extends in Two Counties, it's Militia ſhall ſerve in that County where the Church ſtands.

Thoſe who are Trained and Muſtered in the Docks, ſhall not be obliged to ſerve in the Militia.

All former Acts relating to the Militia are repealed by this Act, except in Caſes which are herein directed to be ſubject to a former Act.

The other Clauſes in this Act (which is to remain in Force for Five Years) contain Proviſions reſpecting the Privileges or Conveniencies of particular Places.

ST. JOHN's, in *Antigua*, *October* 19.

Paragraph of a Letter from Barbados to a Gentleman in this Iſland, dated October 4, 1757.

I SUPPOSE you have made ſome Obſervations on the COMET. Thomas Stevenſon, Eſq; was the firſt who ſaw it here: It riſes about One o'Clock in the Morning, and is about 20 Degrees below Caſtor and Pollux, inclining to the South. It travels faſt to the Eaſt, and is at a great Diſtance from us, not yet having, I believe, entered the Orbit of Jupiter.

BOSTON, *November* 7.

Yeſterday arrived here his Majeſty's Ship Mermaid, of 20 Guns, Captain Innis, from London, but laſt from Portſmouth, which Place he left the 6th of September laſt, as Convoy to the Maſt Ships bound to Piſcataqua, and about 60 Sail of Merchantmen, bound to different Parts; by whom we learn, that 25 Sail of the Line, under Admiral Hawke, were at Portſmouth, who made a Signal for the whole Fleet to unmoor the Morning he ſailed, ſeveral of which, who were upon the Careen, immediately righted and unmoor'd. That there were Ten Thouſand Troops embarked from the Iſle of Wight on board a Number of Tranſports, who were going on ſome grand Expedition, but it was an entire Secret where they were bound.

In the Halifax Gazette of the 22d of October laſt, there is an Account of the Arrival there of 2 Flags of Truce from Quebec, one a Brig, the other a Schooner, but laſt from Louiſburg, with a Number of Engliſh Priſoners lately taken at Fort William-Henry, and Parts adjacent. In the Brig arrived one Mr. John Samuel Petit, late Boatſwain's Mate of the Maſſachuſetts Snow, Prince of Wales, Capt. Dowſe, who was taken the Second Day after he left Halifax, off Louiſburg, by the Flower-de-Luce Frigate, of 26 Guns, and carried into the laſt mentioned Place: Mr. Petit, among other Things, gave the following Particulars, That he was put on board the Duke of Bayonne, of 80 Guns, where he was kept a Priſoner 20 Days, but by the kind Offices of Mr. Labore, a French Gentleman, to whom he was known, who applied to the Admiral for Liberty for him to go home to his Friends in Boſton, urging in his Behalf, that he had formerly been the Means of ſaving a Ship and her Crew, which he met with at Sea in Diſtreſs, took Charge of, and brought ſafe into Louiſburg, and that he might not be ſent home to France along with the reſt of the Crew; the Admiral was at length with much Difficulty prevailed upon to comply with Mr. Labore's Deſire, and promiſed he ſhould be ſent home by the firſt Opportunity. Mr. Labore then had Leave to take him aſhore to his own Houſe, which he accordingly did, where he was very kindly treated; during which Time Mr. Labore informed him, that ſome Indians had lately brought in a Number of Scalps, for which they had received the Bounty; a ſhort Time after, they were found out to be French Scalps (ſuppoſed ſome of the Neutrals, formerly ſo called) whereupon the Governor and Admiral immediately ordered the Bounty on Scalps to be taken off, and only be paid for ſuch as were brought in alive; and alſo ordered, that whatever Indians ſhould for the future preſume to bring in any Scalp, ſhould be ſeverely puniſhed, which, if true, may be the Means of ſaving many an Engliſhman's Life. He alſo informed, that it was very ſickly in the Fleet, chiefly for Want of Proviſions, and that during the 20 Days he was on board the Duke of Bayonne, upwards of 300 of her Men died: Alſo, that during ſaid Time he had not above half a Pound of Meat allowed him: That the Sickneſs alſo rages among the reſt of the Fleet, ſome loſing from 100 to 300 of their Men thereby: That all the Land Forces were gone to Quebec, and the Men of War returned before he came away: That in the late Storm, one of the Admiral's Ships was drove aſhore, by which ſhe received conſiderable Damage in her Keel and Bottom, but that they got her off again, and were repairing her: That the Number of Top-ſail Veſſels in that Harbour did not exceed 25, among which were 15 Line of Battle Ships, 4 of which were Flags, and 4 Frigates, the reſt Merchantmen: That a ſmall Privateer Schooner, had taken and ſent in there a fine large new Snow, Capt. Boyd, who arrived alſo in the ſaid Flag of Truce, and Two Schooners, Names unknown: That all the People, except 170, belonging to the Tilbury, who was unfortunately caſt away in the late Storm, are ſafe: That Proviſions of all Kinds, freſh Meat eſpecially, are ſo exceeding ſcarce, that even the beſt Gentlemen among them are glad to catch at a Mouthful now and then at any Rate; and that he verily believes, that if they do not by ſome Means or other procure ſome very ſoon, they muſt all inevitably periſh.

By his Majeſty's Ship Scarborough, lately arrived at Halifax from England, we have the following Liſt of the Fleet under the Command of Sir Edward Hawke, Admiral of the Blue Squa-

dron,

dron, which ſailed from Spithead on the 9th Day of September laſt, on a ſecret Expedition, viz.

Ships of the Line, Royal George, of 100 Guns, Capt. Buckle. Ramilies, 90, Sir Edward Hawke, Capt. Hobbs. Neptune, 90, Admiral Knowles, Capt. Galbraith. Namure, 90, Dennis. Royal William, 80, Whiterong Taylor. Princeſs Amelia, 80, Admiral Broderick, Capt. Coleby. Barfleur, 80, Graves. Torbay, 74, Keppel. Magnanime, 74, Howe. Dublin, 74, Rodney. Burford, 74, James Young. Alcide, 64, James Douglaſs. America, 60, Byron. Achilles, 60, Barrington. Dunkirk, 60, Digby. And Medway, of 60 Guns, Capt. Proby.

Frigates, Jaſon, of 44 Guns, Captain Paſtor. Cheſter, 44, Ogle. Southampton, 36, Gilchriſt. Coventry, 32, Scroop. Thetis, 20. Poſtilion, 18. Eſcorte, 18. Beaver, 16. Cormorant, 16. Pelican, 18. With two Buſſes, of 10 Guns each.

Fireſhips, Pluto, and Proſerpine.

Bombs, Infernal, and Fire-Drake.

There were alſo four armed Cutters; and ſixty Tranſports, having on board the Generals Mordaunt, Conway and Cornwallis, with the following Regiments, Old Buffs, Lord George Bentinck's, Loudoun's, Hume's, Amhurſt's, Wolfe's, Hudſon's, Brudenell's, Stuart's, and Effingham's. As alſo ſeveral Troops of Light Horſe.

There are two Ships of 100 Guns left in Portſmouth Harbour, and two of 90 Guns, which, with others, are to form a ſecond Fleet, for another Expedition.

By the ſaid Ship we have Advice, that there had been a Battle between the Pruſſian and Ruſſian Armies, wherein many Thouſands were killed on each Side, and that both Parties claimed the Victory, as is the Cuſtom in ſuch Caſes.

NEW-YORK, *November* 14.

Tueſday laſt arrived here the Prize Ship, mentioned in this Paper Two Weeks ſince to be taken by Captain Waynman, in the King George Privateer, of this Port. She is called Le Saint Eſprit, of about 250 Tons Burthen, mounting 14 Four Pounders, double fortified, and was commanded by Monſ. Thomas Gramſon, carrying 50 Hands, and bound from Quebec to Cape-Francois.

The ſame Day arrived here Capt. Codwiſe, in 20 Days from Antigua, in a Letter of Marque Sloop, and informs, that while he lay there, on the 12th of October, the Snow Dolphin, Chriſtopher Sheldon Maſter, of and from Rhode-Iſland, was taken by a ſmall French Privateer in Sight of the Port, when Capt. Codwiſe weighed Anchor, and with 40 Volunteers went out, retook her, and carried her into Antigua, after ſhe had been in the Enemy's Poſſeſſion upwards of 36 Hours. And that on the 16th following, 14 French Ships paſſed by the Harbour of St. John's, when his Majeſty's Sloop the Antigua, Capt. Codrington, went out after them, but was beat off by one of the Frigates.

Thurſday laſt returned from a Cruize, the Privateer Brig De Lancey (formerly a French Privateer, and taken by the Captains Randall and Harris in Conſort) Thomas Randall Commander, and brought in with her a Ship of about 300 Tons Burthen, called the John, mounting 2 Guns only, navigated with 16 Men (ſaid to be Dutch) commanded by Reuloff Malmſtrong, taken the 22d of October laſt off Crooked Iſland, in Lat. 25 N. and Long. 70 W. from London, bound from St. Domingo to Nantz. Capt. Randall alſo took, at the ſame Time, another Ship, that was in Company with the above, Burthen about 400 Tons, called the Spaniſh Galley, mounting 22 Guns, Men in Proportion; and which may be expected every Hour; both Ships deep loaded with Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, and Indico.

Part of a Letter from a Gentleman of conſiderable Note in London, to his Correſpondent in New-York, dated Auguſt 25, 1757.

"It is conjectured that the Expedition in Agitation is againſt Genoa, and to put a Crown on the Duke of Parma, as King of Corſica, for which Spain is to warrantee to England Gibraltar and Minorca. Alſo, That the King of Sardinia will join in the Alliance, and diſpoſſeſs the Empreſs of Lombardy, and the Emperor of Tuſcany. That the Danes and Swedes, with the Dutch, and ſeveral German States, will declare War againſt France, Auſtria and Ruſſia. And ſince the laſt Coalition of Parties, domeſtic Politics have intirely ſubſided, and have taken ſo reverſed a Turn, that many Things are in this Adminiſtration applauded, which before occaſioned Tumults, and univerſal Diſcontent."

We have a particular Satisfaction in informing the Public, That Colonel Peter Schuyler, of the New-Jerſey Forces, taken at Oſwego the 14th of Auguſt, 1756, and carried to Quebec, where he has been kept ever ſince, arrived at Fort Edward in good Health ſome Day laſt Week, having been releaſed by the French, and conducted thither by Two Indians and a Frenchman.

By a Letter from Lieutenant Dugdale, of Warburton's Regiment, who was caſt away in his Majeſty's Ship the Tilbury, dated at Louiſburg, October 10, we learn, That he and about 270 more ſaved themſelves on a Raft, they made on the Wreck, having remained there Four Days; that as ſoon as they reached the Shore, they were ſurrounded by Three or Four Hundred Indians, who would inevitably have murdered them, had not the Governor of Louiſburg (having Intelligence of their Misfortune) detached 200 Soldiers to their Relief; that Capt. Croxton, of Warburton's Regiment, with the brave Capt. Barnſley, the Captain of Marines, and a great many more, periſhed in the Waves.

Abſtract of a Letter from Mount Johnſon, October 24.

"*Yeſterday Morning about Nine o'Clock, Little Cornelius, a Mohawk Indian, with another of the ſame Nation, arrived here, and brought the following Intelligence, viz. That 5 Days ago, they, with* 13 *more Indians, and one white Man, of the Name of Johnſon, attacked a Party of* 18 *Frenchmen, including an Officer and Serjeant, within* 200 *Yards of the Fort of Ticonderoga, and betwixt the Fort and a pretty large Encampment; that Five of the French were killed on the Spot, beſides ſeveral wounded; and their Scalps, together with* 5 *French Muſkets, Swords and laced Hats, were brought off, notwithſtanding their being ſo near to the Fort, and that they found the Camp alarmed and under Arms; none of the Indians were wounded, tho' the French Party fired ſeveral Shot, only one of them had about a Foot of the Barrel and Stock of his Piece carried off by a Shot from the French. Cornelius reported, that the Party of Indians with the Scalps, were ſome Miles off in the Woods, being extremely faint and feeble, as they eat nothing ſince the Engagement but ſome wild Fruit they picked up in the Woods; upon which Sir William Johnſon immediately diſpatched ſome of his Servants on Horſeback, with a Refreſhment of Proviſions and Drink, and between Four and Five o'Clock the ſame Evening, the Indians arrived at Sir William's, with the Scalps, Muſkets, Swords, &c. which, among others, afforded me no ſmall Pleaſure, being the greateſt Number of Scalps I have ſeen at once ſince I came to this Country. It was but a Fortnight before, that three Scalps were brought in here from the ſame Place, by another ſcalping Party of friendly Indians, who killed ſix in all, but no more than three of their Scalps could be brought off, on Account of a numerous Body of French coming up.*"

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 17.

On Friday laſt Captain Laws arrived here from Halifax, with whom came Paſſenger Capt. Thomas Hatton, late of the Sloop St. Andrew, of this Port, who informs us, that on the 26th of September he was taken on his Paſſage from hence for Newfoundland, by a Privateer of Louiſburg, of eight Guns, called the St. Margaret, William Reneau Commander. That ſoon after the ſame Privateer took a Sloop from Malagaſh, bound to Halifax, laden with Wood; which Veſſel was ranſomed, and in her he got to Halifax: That the Captains Condy, Hamilton and Swainey, ſailed for this Place before Captain Laws; and that the two latter had a Number of our People on board, who were made Priſoners by the French and Indians at or near Lake George: That the Highland Regiment had ſailed from thence for New-York, under Convoy of a 20 Gun Ship, which lately arrived there in 28 Days from England: That Admiral Holbourne, with 9 Capital Ships, and ſome ſmaller Ones, was at Halifax: That the French Fleet at Cape-Breton, conſiſted of ſeventeen Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates: That they were ſaid to be very ſickly there, and in Want of Proviſions: That they had 16 Privateers belonging to that Port: And that at Canada the French were in great Diſtreſs, occaſioned by the Scarcity of Proviſions.

The Privateer Blakeney, Captain Minſhall, of Barbados, is fallen down on a Cruize againſt his Majeſty's Enemies.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 24.

At a Meeting of the Worſhipful Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common-Council of this City, on Tueſday laſt, a Bye-Law was Paſſed for ſuſpending the Execution of a Bye-Law made in *January* laſt, relating to the Tread of Cart-Wheels, and other Carriages of Burthen (which was to have taken Place on the Firſt of *January* next) until the Firſt Day of *May* next.

We every Hour expect in Town Five Companies of the Second Battalion of *Royal Americans*, who are to take up their Winter Quarters here.

Extract of a Letter from Wincheſter, *Nov.* 4.

"A Party of *Cherokees*, who were on their Road "here from their own Country, got upon the "Tracks of ſome *Shawaneſe* about 40 Miles from "hence, and came up with them in the *South-* "*Branch-Mountain*; there was but Three in the "Party, Two of whom they killed and ſcalped, "and wounded the other, but he got away; and "Wedneſday they brought the Scalps to Town."

OPEN'D by Miſtake, and left with the Printer hereof, A Letter dated *March* 1757, externally ſuperſcribed, *To George Chaney, Merchant, Eaſtern Shore, Maryland, per Captain White*: And internally, *To George Caney, Eaſtern Shore*. It contains an Account Current, and mentions a Ballance due to him for a valuable Hogſhead of Tobacco received *per* Capt. *Coxon* in 1752. Enquiry has been made for the ſaid *Chaney*, or *Caney*, but no ſuch Perſon, as yet, can be found. The Perſon to whom it belongs, may have it, on Application to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertiſement, 5/o. 1

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Harp*, living on the Falls of *Patowmack*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, branded on the near Side, Shoulder and Buttock, with the Figure 6. She has a Bay Colt by her Side; it has a Star in it's Forehead, and it's near hind Foot is white. 1 pd.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons that are any Ways indebted to the Concern at *Piſcataway*, belonging to *Edward Trafford*, Eſq; and Sons, in *Liverpool*, to come and pay their ſeveral Ballances, or ſettle the ſame by Bond, or Note of Hand; otherwiſe they will immediately be ſued.

Likewiſe all Perſons that have any Demands againſt the ſaid Concern, are deſired to come and receive the ſame; which will be paid them either in Tobacco or Goods, or ſettled in the moſt agreeable Manner, by GEORGE BOWDON. 2

N. B. As there are ſeveral Perſons that have very large Ballances now ſtanding in the Book, and have ſtood ſo for ſome Years paſt, and by all Appearance they ſeem to take little or no Notice about them: This is to acquaint all ſuch, that without they come and ſettle the ſame, either by Bond, or Note of Hand, or diſcharge them, they may expect further Trouble, let the Conſequence be what it will.

WILLIAM VENNELL, BRICK-MAKER, *Living near* ANNAPOLIS,

GIVES this Public Notice, That he will Make BRICKS, and Burn them, and ſtand to the Loſs, at 2/6 *per* Thouſand, the Employer finding him Proviſions and Hands; the Hands to conſiſt of Two Men and Three Boys. X

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Ennalls*, in *Dorcheſter* County, on *Choptank* River, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Letter I, has a white Face, and 3 white Feet. X 2

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. *Richard Mackubin*, near *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Black Horſe, branded on the near Buttock with ſomething like the upper End of a Pair of Fire-Tongs, has a Star in his Forehead, his near hind Foot is white, and is unbroke. X 2

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Talbot*, living on the *Eaſtern-Branch*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 13½ Hands high, branded on the near Buttock S, has a Star in her Forehead, and a Blaze in her Face. X 2

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Williams*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Black Horſe, branded on the off Thigh with ſomething like an M, he has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, ſome Saddle Spots on his Back, and the Remains of a Fiſtula. X 2

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ANY Perſon well qualified for an OVERSEER, at a Home Plantation, in good Repair, over 6, 8, or 10 good able Hands, wanting a Place, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring in *Dorcheſter* County of

JOSEPH COX GRAY. 2

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

The Way to HEALTH, LONG LIFE, AND HAPPINESS:

Or, a Diſcourſe on TEMPERANCE, and the particular Nature of all Things requiſite for the *Life* of MAN; as, all Sorts of *Meats*, *Drinks*, *Air*, *Exerciſe*, &c. with ſpecial Directions how to uſe each of them to the beſt Advantage of the *Body* and *Mind*. Shewing from the true Ground of Nature, whence moſt Diſeaſes proceed, and how to prevent them.

To which is added,

A Treatiſe of moſt Sorts of HERBS, with ſeveral other remarkable and moſt uſeful *Obſervations*, very neceſſary for ALL FAMILIES. The whole Treatiſe diſplaying the moſt hidden Secrets of *Philoſophy*, and made eaſy and familiar to the meaneſt Capacities, by various Examples and Demonſtrances.

Communicated to the World for a *general Good*, by *THOMAS TRYON*, Student in PHYSIC.

CONDITIONS.

I. *THAT this Work (which contains upwards of* Five Hundred *Pages) ſhall be committed to the Preſs as ſoon as a ſufficient Number are ſubſcribed for, to defray the Expence of Printing.*

II. *That it ſhall be Printed in a neat* Octavo, *on a good Letter and Paper, and be delivered to the Subſcribers with all convenient Speed, neatly done up in* blue Paper, *and cut.*

III. *That the Price to Subſcribers ſhall be One Milled Dollar, One Half to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, and the other Half at the Delivery of the Books: Thoſe who ſubſcribe for Six Books, ſhall have a Seventh* gratis.

As the Publication of this excellent Treatiſe will depend entirely on the Number of Subſcribers, it is hoped that thoſe who incline to encourage ſuch a uſeful Undertaking, will be ſpeedy in ſending in their Names, as no more will be Printed than what may be ſubſcribed for.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by the Printer hereof, who will alſo deliver the Books to ſuch as may ſubſcribe with him, when ready.

☞ *This Subſcription has been opened in* Philadelphia, *by a Gentleman of Note in that City, with a* 20 l. *Subſcription.*

THE Subſcriber having engaged a very ſkilful TANNER, and provided every Thing requiſite for carrying on the TANNING BUSINESS, at his Houſe on *Weſt-River*, will Tan at FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE *per* Hide. 2

STEPHEN STEWARD.

November 17, 1757.

WHEREAS *Mary Anne Cole*, the Wife of the Subſcriber, living in *Dorcheſter* County, hath eloped from her Huſband: This is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from Truſting her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her Contracting from the Date hereof. 2

JAMES COLE.

THE Subſcribers having for ſome Time paſt, dropp'd keeping Tavern in *Frederick-Town* in *Cæcil* County, and having now again undertaken that Buſineſs, in the Houſe where *John M'Dermott* formerly lived, Give this Public Notice thereof; and all Travelling Gentlemen and Ladies, who ſhall favour us with their Company, may depend on the beſt of ENTERTAINMENT and USAGE, from 2

Their humble Servants,

PATRICK and SARAH FLYNN.

N. B. We have a Chaiſe and Pair to accommodate Gentlemen, &c. who want to Travel from thence to *Philadelphia* or *New-York*; or Saddle-Horſes to Let.

EIGHT PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Snow *Edward*, *Abraham Weddett* Maſter, lying in *Patuxent* River, the following Perſons, *viz.*

Robert Macmaſter, a *Scotchman*, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 25 Years of Age, very much freckled, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and has red Hair. Had on a Wig with one Curl round it, a Stuff Hat, white Trowſers, and Pewter Buckles; and carried with him a Bundle of Cloaths.

Alexander Spears, an *Iriſhman*, of a fair Complexion, round Face, and freſh Colour; he ſpeaks broad *Iriſh*, and is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high. Had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, a Pair of large Pewter Buckles, a Felt Hat, and Cut Wig.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Fellows in *Calvert* or *Prince-George's* County Goal, or delivers them on board the ſaid Snow, ſhall receive FOUR PISTOLES for each, paid by 3

ABRAHAM WEDDETT, or JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

NOW in Poſſeſſion of the Subſcriber, by Order of Court, the following Creatures, *viz.*

A likely well-made White Horſe, about 15 Hands high, and paces; but has no perceivable Brand. He is ſuppoſed to be the Property of one Mr. *Elms* near *Canococheague*.

A natural pacing Bay Mare, about 15 Hands 2 high, branded on the near Buttock thus HW, ſhe has wide hanging Ears, and is about 4 Years old. She was in Poſſeſſion of *Matthias Ringer* laſt Spring.

A ſmall Grey Horſe (and Hunting-Saddle half worn); the Horſe branded on the near Buttock TF (joined in one).

A ſmall Cheſnut Sorrel Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder thus OHe, has a ſlaxen Mane and Tail, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Noſe, and loſt his near Eye.

They are ſuppoſed to be Stolen by *Adam Rutter*, *Chriſtopher Bierly*, and *William Millener*, all *Dutchmen*, and now in *Baltimore* County Goal for Horſe-ſtealing. The aforeſaid *Rutter* came laſt Spring from *Schuylkill* in *Pennſylvania*, near the Widow *Nuts* Iron-Works; and has ſince brought down ſeveral valuable Creatures, and ſold them in *Maryland*; which may eaſily be found.

Any Perſon or Perſons, proving Property, and paying Charges, may have the ſaid Creatures, by applying to the Subſcriber, living on *Soldier's Delight* Foreſt, in *Baltimore* County. 3

ALEXANDER WELLS.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in *Annapolis*, adjoining to a good Landing, with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging: In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lurches, 5 Handles, 4 Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds, moſt of them all lately ſunk, and done in the beſt Manner. The Water-Ponds are conſtantly ſupplied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under Ground, and are ſunk in the Beam-Houſe, with the Granaries: The Houſe is 40 Feet by 18, and framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered. There are alſo Two other Houſes, lately built, one with Brick, a Story and ½ high, 23 Feet by 16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with Clapboards, and Shingled over them; The other Houſe is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20 Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story and ½ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below, and one above; in the other End is a Mill-Houſe, with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms above, with ſundry convenient Sheds joining to it, ſuch as Meat-Houſe, Stables, Lime-Houſe, and Bark-Houſe, all covered with Shingles. There is alſo a good Garden and ſmall Paſture, both well paled and fenced in. Alſo to be Sold ſundry NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard, and to the Tanning Buſineſs. And as the Subſcriber intends ſoon to depart this Province, the Whole will be Sold on reaſonable Terms, and Time given for Payment if required. He has alſo to Sell, a ſmall SLOOP, ſuitable for the Grain Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Repair as when firſt Launched, and will carry about 8 or 900 Buſhels of Grain. For Terms apply to

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements, will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as the Purchaſer pleaſes. 8

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY GOOD BILLIARD TABLE, the Cloth almoſt new, with good true BALLS, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printer hereof. 5

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent freſh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the *Round Bay* near the *Vine-Yard*, on which there is a good Dwelling-Houſe, Stable, Corn-Houſe, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*. 6

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, *by Wholeſale or Retail*,

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE SPIRIT: As likewiſe by Retail, *MADEIRA* WINE, *WEST-INDIA* RUM, and *MUSCOVADO* SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM. 7

MR. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, of this City, Merchant, having lately left the Province, in order to proceed for *London*, and having fully impowered me to Tranſact his Buſineſs during his Abſence, Notice is hereby given to ſuch Perſons as have any juſt Claims againſt him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be diſcharged: And as I have Orders for the immediate Settlement of his Affairs, all thoſe who are indebted to him, are requeſted to be ſpeedy in their Payments, and eſpecially thoſe who have long ſtanding open Accounts, which will ſave Expence to themſelves, and Trouble to

JOHN CLAPHAM, Attorney in Fact.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION belonging to Mr. *Thomas Wilſon*, of *Queen-Anne's* County, commodiouſly ſituated in the ſaid County, on the Head of the North Branch of *Wye* River, within half a Mile of a good Landing, together with the NEGROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon. The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred Acres, on which there is a large clear'd Plantation, a good Dwelling-Houſe, and other Office-Houſes, and ſome valuable Meadow very well water'd. The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, Tobacco, and Wheat, of which laſt there is a conſiderable Quantity now put in the Ground.

Any Perſon inclining to Rent the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to *John Bracco*, now at *Annapolis*, or the ſaid *Thomas Wilſon*, at his Dwelling-Plantation on *Wye* River aforeſaid, and know the Terms on which they will be Let.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his Houſe near Elk-Ridge *Church, in* Anne-Arundel *County*,

AN Aſſortment of good freſh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, ſufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furniſh a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Phyſic; as alſo Utenſils for an Apothecary's Shop, a compleat new Set of Surgeon's Inſtruments, a ſmall Collection of new Books on Surgery, Phyſic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Inſtruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer ſhall have Occaſion, and as ſhall be agreed on, all at reaſonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by 2

JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be ſeen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Perſons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTEREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwiſe the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per Order of the Commiſſioners,

RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk of the Paper Currency Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after the Firſt.